## PRACTICE EXAM #4

Chem21, Introduction to Organic and Biochemistry

**Instructions:** Don't panic. There are three (3) total pages for this exam. For every question, read all given directions and follow them completely. Clearly and logically show <u>all</u> your work and reasoning where applicable. Box all final answers.

1.) Consider the structures of lysine, serine, and tyrosine below. (46 pts)

- a.) Circle only the amino acid backbone in each.
- b.) Classify each as (1) acidic-polar, (2) basic-polar, (3) neutral-polar, or (4) nonpolar.

	Lysine _		
	Serine _		
	Tyrosine _		
c.)	•	no acids, identify which side chain interaction ding, (2) covalent bonds, (3) salt bridges	•
	Lysine + Serine		_
	Tyrosine + Lysin	-	
	Serine + Tyrosin		

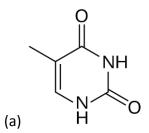
d.) Draw the full structure of the **dipeptide** with the sequence Ser-Tyr.

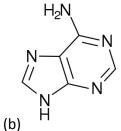
- e.) Clearly indicate the **C-terminus** and the **N-terminus** in the structure in (d).
- f.) How many **amide** groups are in (d)? Circle them.

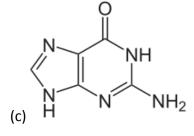
PAGE 1 of 3

## 2.) List at least two structural differences between DNA and RNA. (10 pts, 5 pts ea)

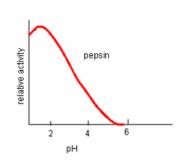
3.) Identify the following nucleic acids as (1) adenine, (2) guanine, (3) cytosine, (4) thymine, or (5) uracil. (15 pts, 5 pts ea)





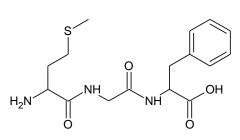


- a.)
- b.)
- c )
- 4.) Consider the enzyme pepsin, whose activity was graphed against pH. (15 pts)



- a.) Estimate the optimal pH.
- b.) Would pepsin be active at pH > 6?
- c.) Would increasing [substrate] always increase the activity
- 5.) Consider the following peptide with the primary structure Met-Gly-Phe. (23 pts)

of pepsin? Why or why not?



- a.) How many peptide bonds are present? \_\_\_\_\_
- b.) How many amino acids will be formed after hydrolysis?
  - c.) Give the <u>full</u> names of all three amino acids.

Met:

Gly:

Phe:

6.) Consider the following single DNA fragment. (20 pts)

## 3'-TACGACCTTAAGATCGCT...

- a.) Write the sequence for the complimentary DNA strand.
- b.) Write the sequence for the product via *replication* of the <u>leading</u> strand.
- c.) Write the sequence for the product via transcription of the leading strand.
- d.) Write the sequence for the product via translation of the mRNA.
- 7.) Give the two most common secondary structures of proteins. (10 pts, 5 pts ea)
- 8.) Define essential and nonessential, in terms of amino acids. (10 pts, 5 pts ea)
- 9.) Consider the following reaction. (16 pts)

- a.) Is 2-pentanol being oxidized or reduced?
- b.) Explain your answer in (a).
- c.) Is NAD+ being oxidized or reduced?
- d.) Explain your answer in (c).